## Pike Anglers Club of Great Britain

Fact Sheet (13)

## Pike Fishing Fundementals



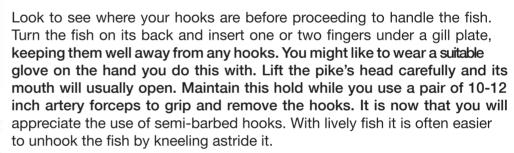
For the safety of the pike, a wire trace of at least 18 inches (45cm) in length must be always be used when fishing for pike, whether you are bait or lure fishing. Even small pike have razor sharp teeth that will cut though ordinary line and big pike could easily swallow a shorter trace and bite through your line. There is no need to use traces lighter than 30lb breaking strain, or line lighter than 15lb.

For speedy unhooking it is preferable that barbless or semi-barbed hooks are used when bait fishing. These days most tackle shops stock readymade reliable traces constructed with top quality components and which cost about the same as a pack of deadbaits.



When it comes to landing pike, a large, knotless landing net with arms of at least 36 inches, or a round frame of at least 30 inches is best.

Once a pike is landed place it on an unhooking mat, or an area of soft grass - never on a rough surface.





A pike will not purposely bite you. Don't be frightened, treat the pike with respect and confidence. If the hooks are difficult to get out, put the pike in the landing net and back into the water. Then seek help from another pike angler, do not feel embarrassed, we have all been there.



When returning a pike to the water, always ensure that the pike can support itself before releasing your grip on it. If it has difficulty staying upright it will need careful nursing to recover. Stay with the fish for as long as it takes for it to maintain its balance unaided. A fully recovered pike will swim steadily away.

**ESSENTIAL PIKE TACKLE** 

Wire traces - at least 18in/45cm long and 30lb breaking strain

15lb reel line

Forceps for removing hooks Large knotless landing net Unhooking mat Small bolt cutters

Look after the pike you catch and they will live to be caught again another day.